Optoelectronics Industry Development Association Presentation of Pearl



San Jose, CA April 16, 2008

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nLIGHT Corporate History



nLIGHT's broad capability in packaging

Product category	nLight product platforms	
Single Emitter 0.5 to 7W		
Diode Arrays 10 to 200 W		
Fiber Coupled Package 2 to 300 W	Pearly and a second sec	
Stacks of Arrays 100W to multi-KW		

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nLIGHT focused on technology to support growing applications

Components	Subsystems	OEM Systems
Chips	Packaged Diodes	
_ 41		Medical
+	Pearl	Defense
_ 11		Industrial
Fiber	Fiber Modules	Consumer





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1. Overview of Pearl

- 2. Power Scaling
- 3. Brightness Scaling
- 4. Efficiency
- 5. Reliability/Temperature Performance
- 6. Wavelength Range
- 7. Wavelength Stabilized
- 8. Miscellaneous (Collimation, Pulsed Operation, Hermeticity)

Pearl: Fiber Coupled Market Trends

The high-power fiber-coupled market shows the following observed key trends towards:

- 1) Power Scaling
 - \rightarrow Driven by TEM_{oo} power scaling of Fiber, Disk, and DPSS Lasers as well as enabling new direct diode applications (Medical, Industrial)
- 2) Higher Brightness
 - $\rightarrow\,$ Increased Rayleigh ranges for longer working distances or longer crystals
- 3) Increased Reliability/Lifetime
 - \rightarrow Maturing laser markets and competition with fiber lasers
- 4) Increased Efficiencies
 - \rightarrow Pump E-O as well as upper-state pumping of gain material (λ)

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5) Lower Pricing

Pearl: Concept

"nLight's new architecture uses multiple facet-passivated highpower AuSn-bonded high-efficiency SEs in electrical series that are spatially combined into a single fiber core "

- Facet-Passivation (leveraging nXLT)
 - \rightarrow Ensures lasting high performance
- High-Power
 - \rightarrow Enables high brightness
- AuSn-bonding
 - \rightarrow On-Off reliability/lifetime
- High-Efficiency
 - \rightarrow Minimizes waste heat (639 2050 nm)
- Single Emitter based
 - → Introduces new level of system flexibility and tremendous advantages over bar-based technologies including cost



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Pearl: Scaling Power

• 100 W Modules @ 808, 88x nm

25.0

NA

PERFORMANCE SUMMARY

Pearl Model P4100-0808

S/N 29-05060-04-00003

7 June 2007

OPTICAL

Wavelength, nm	808.1
Output Power, watts	100
Spectral Width, FWHM	2.0
Slope Efficiency, W / A	16.9
Divergence, NA (90% power incl.)	NA
Wavelength Temp. Coeff., nm / °C	0.30
ELECTRICAL	
Total Conversion Efficiency (<i>nWP</i>)	49%

Total Conversion Efficiency (ηWP)	49%
Threshold Current, amps	0.56
Operating Current, amps	6.49
Operating Voltage, volts	31.35
Series Resistance, ohms	0.74
THERMAL	

Operational Temperature, °C Thermal Resistance, °C / W_{heat}

WPE maintained at ~ 50% for efficient high power DPSSL pumping





Spectral Performance





Pearl: Power Scaling

• 200 W Package (either Afocal [as shown] or coupled into a 600 um fiber)





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Pearl: Scaling Brightness



100W at 9xx from a 200- μ m, 0.15 NA, core fiber in 3 months 60% E/O target

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Pearl: Scaling Brightness



80W at 9xx from a 100-μm, 0.15 NA, core fiber in 3 months 100W from a 100-μm, 0.15 NA core fiber in 4 months 55% E/O target

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Pearl: Efficiency vs. Wavelength



Design challenges to achieving this end at longer wavelengths are different than 750nm to 1000nm

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Pearl: Power of Efficiency

Efficiency reduces cooling demands/permits higher operating temp



Efficiency enhances lifetime by reducing active region temperature

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Pearl: Redefining High Efficiency

High-efficiency 9xx-nm – High efficiency diodes + high efficiency package



... have enabled 62% E/O and >100W measured from the 400-µm fiber

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Pearl: COMD and Laser Performance



Catastrophic Optical Mirror Damage irreversibly destroys the device facets



- nXLT passivation technology removes COD in present nLIGHT laser designs
- Multiple thermal roll-overs are possible without COD and without part degradation.
- COD not much of a problem on wavelengths > ~1000-nm
- Effective from 639 2100nm

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Pearl: Temperature Performance

High fill factors also lead to thermal x-talk and unacceptably high operating temps-optimal fill factor is a trade



E. (64) 6W 100µm emitters on 125um centers (80% fill factor 10mm long laser bar)

Tightly packed bar creates thermal coupling Compromises performance *and lifetime*

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Pearl: Temperature Performance

5W single emitter is double the output power of same emitter on bar



Left: A 5-W CW peak power from at stripe at 25C operation
Right: A 40-W CW peak power bar on a Cu CS-mount with 19 emitters at 25C ⇒ power/emitter is 2.1-W, or less than half of the an isolated emitter

•Two ways to go with single emitter:

- •Operate at higher power but equal active region temperature as an emitter on a bar
- •Operate at same power but lower active region temperature as an emitter on a bar

Pearl: Temperature Performance



Demonstrates that a device efficient a a strong function of temperature

Measurement courtesy of Directed Energy Solutions, CO

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Pearl: High Temperature Performance

• Exceeding 50% Efficiency even at 45C



Data from a 30W 808nm Pearl

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Pearl: Broadening Wavelength Availability

Ideal for Display applications

- 4 W 400 um Module @ 639 nm
- Also available in Afocal configurations or with 600um fiber



Pearl Model P404-0639 S/N 29-05013-06-05108 21 September 2007 OPTICAL 638.4 Wavelength, nm Output Power, watts 1.1

PERFORMANCE SUMMARY

1.1
8.1
.17
.15

ELECTRICAL

Total Conversion Efficiency (ηWP)	16%
Threshold Current, amps	0.68
Operating Current, amps	1.21
Operating Voltage, volts	20.69
Series Resistance, ohms	0.92

THERMAL

Operational Temperature, °C 25.0 Thermal Resistance, °C / Wheat

0.29





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Pearl: Spectral Performance

Outperforming bar based solutions with typical spectral width of 1.85 nm



Approaching FWHM of individual constituent single emitters: 1.74 nm

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Pear: InP Wavelengths

- 25 W Modules @ 1470 nm
- 15 W Modules @ 1530 nm

Pearl Model P425-1470 S/N 29-05013-05-00065

PERFORMANCE SUMMARY

0 January 1900

OPTICAL

Wavelength, nm	1465.8
Output Power, watts	25
Spectral Width, FWHM	6.3
Slope Efficiency, W / A	4.6
Divergence, NA (90% power incl.)	0.16
Wavelength Temp. Coeff., nm / °C	0.28

ELECTRICAL

Total Conversion Efficiency (ηWP)	34%
Threshold Current, amps	0.50
Operating Current, amps	6.01
Operating Voltage, volts	12.07
Series Resistance, ohms	0.49
THERMAL	
Operational Temperature, °C	25.0

Operational Temperature, °C

Ideal for Illumination Applications





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Pearl: InP Wavelengths



Pearl at 1907-nm and 1940-nm

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Pearl: InP Wavelengths



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Pearl: Spectrally Locking



Narrowed Spectral Width, Improved Temperature Performance

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Pearl: Spectrally Locking

Preliminary result - External grating-locked 1473nm diode laser



Line locked at 1473-nm over 10A range at 25C Line width ~3-nm and secondary peaks due to coating reflectivity of front facet Also experimenting at 19xxnm



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Pearl: Collimating Light

- Collimated Units
 - 8 mm x 5 mrad beam



Superior collimated

PERFORMANCE SUMMARY

Pearl Model PA03-0635 S/N 29-05044-01-00196 26 June 2007

OPTICAL

Wavelength, nm	640.3
Output Power, watts	2
Spectral Width, FWHM	1.6
Slope Efficiency, W / A	5.8
Divergence, (90% power incl.) mrac	4.20
Wavelength Temp. Coeff., nm / °C	0.15
Fast Axis Divergence, mrad	5.13
Slow Axis Divergence, mrad	5.25

ELECTRICAL

Total Conversion Efficiency (ηWP)	11%
Threshold Current, amps	0.73
Operating Current, amps	1.08
Operating Voltage, volts	16.87
Series Resistance, ohms	1.13

THERMAL

Operational Temperature, °C25.0Thermal Resistance, °C / Wheat0.62







Pearl: Operational Flexibility

Pulsed data for 150W 791-nm Pearl unit



- •150W, 79x-nm custom Pearl box
- •Run at 25C, 150W for 66hrs CW to ensure box and chiplets were stable
- •15hrs of pulsing at 20msec pulse width (< 10Hz) for 378, 000 cycles
 - •Hard pulsed (full on/off power), rapid rise/fall
 - •Very demanding pulse scheme for any bar configuration, especially non-water cooled

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Pearl: Optional Hermeticity

- Seam Sealed Lids
- Brazed Cu/SS Construction
- Sapphire Window
 - \rightarrow Laser Welded

- 15-Pin Micro-D connector
 - \rightarrow Laser Welded
 - \rightarrow Provides easy of use





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